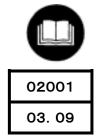


Please use this instrument properly by reading this user's manual and following the warning instructions. **Keep this manual in a place where it can be accessed quickly.**

KANOMAX

KANOMAX JAPAN INC.

2-1 Shimizu Suita Osaka Zip:656-0805 Phone: +81(6)6877-8261 Fax : +81(6)6877-6849



Thank you for purchasing Kanomax product. Please use this instrument properly by reading this operation manual and following the warning instructions.

List of Components

Standard Items MODEL Functions Qty Main Body A531-00 1 Air velocity, air temperature, A531-01 humidity sensor Air velocity, air temperature A541-01 One of Probe Air velocity, air temperature A542-01 these Air velocity, air temperature, A533-01 humidity sensor Air velocity, air temperature A543-01 To connect Probe to Main Body Probe Cable A531-06 1 Carrying Case 6000-04 1 Hard case Operation 1 _ _ Manual AA Batteries 6 — —

Options

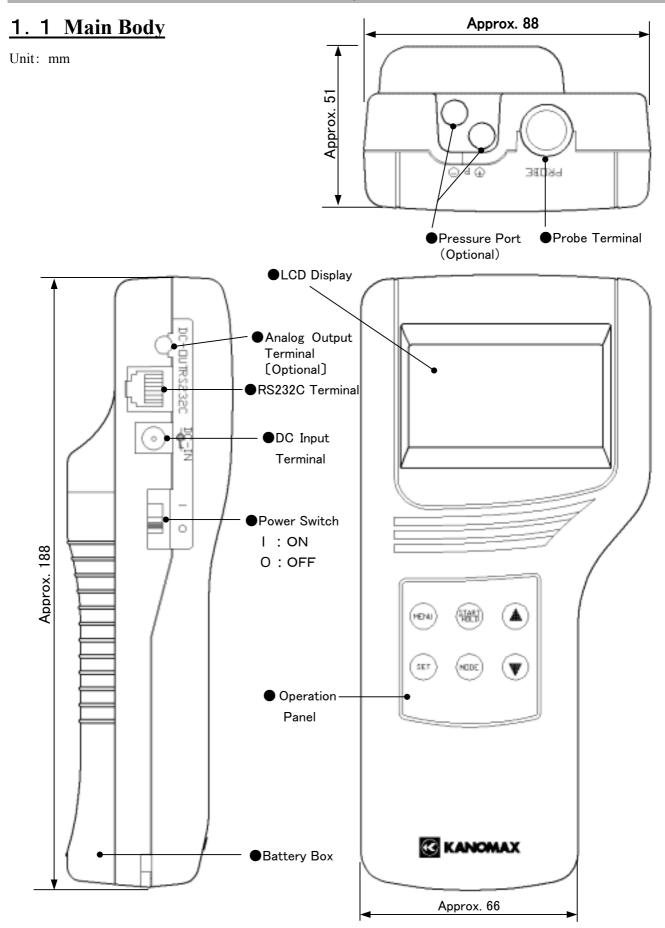
Items	MODEL	Functions		
	A531-01	Air velocity, air temperature, humidity sensor		
	A541-01	Air velocity, air temperature		
Spare Probe	A542-01	Air velocity, air temperature		
	A533-01	Air velocity, air temperature, humidity sensor		
	A543-01	Air velocity, air temperature		
Extension Rod (Flexible)	A531-04	For measurements of high places		
Extension Rod (Straight)	A531-05	For measurements of high places		
Pressure Sensor	A531-07	For measurements of static pressure		
Analog Output	A531-08	Analog output terminal		
AC Adaptor	6000-05	Power supply		
RS232C Cable	6000-02	For the connection of Main Body and PC		
Printer (Recommended)	DPU-H245	To print out all calculation result and etc.		
Printer Cable	6000-03	For the connection of Main Body and Printer		
Portable Anemometer Data Logging Software	S600-00	Application software		

Table of Contents

1.	CLIMOMASTER Anatomy	
	1. 1 Main Body	
	1. 2 Operation Panel (Keys and Functions)	
	1. 3 Probe	
	1. 4 Probe Cable	
	1. 5 Telescopic Extension Rod (Optional)	0
2.	Getting Started	
	2. 1 Installing Batteries	
	2. 2 Connecting Probe	
	2. 3 Disconnecting Probe	
	2. 4 Powering CLIMOMASTER ON / OFF	
	2. 5 How To Make Measurements	
	2. 5. 1 Measuring Air Velocity	
	2. 5. 2 Measuring Air Temperature	.10
	2. 5. 3 Measuring Humidity	
	2. 5. 4 Measuring Pressure	.10
3.	Duct Shape/Size Input	12
4.	Normal Measurement	14
	4. 1 Selecting the Measuring Parameters	. 14
	4. 2 Display Hold	. 15
	4. 3 To Change Time Constant	. 16
	4. 4 To Change Time Constant Application	. 17
5.	Measuring Maximum, Minimum & Mean	18
6.	Flow Rate Mode	21
_		95
1.		25
	7. 1 What Can Be Stored	
	7. 2 To Recall Stored Data	
	7. 3 Print Out	
	7. 3. 1 Preparation $\overline{}$	
	7. 3. 2 NORMAL Mode Print Out	
	7. 3. 3 CALCULATION Mode Print Out	
	7. 3. 4 FLOW RATE Mode Print Out	
	 7. 3. 4 FLOW RATE Mode Print Out 7. 3. 5 Stored Data Print Out 7. 4 Digital Output 	.29

7.4.1 Preparation	32
7. 5 To Access From Your PC	33
7. 5. 1 Transmission of On-Time Data	33
7. 5. 2 Transmission of Stored Memory	34
7. 6 Analog Output (Optional)	35
8. Other Settings	37
8. 1 Date	
8. 2 Units and Baud Rate	
8. 3 To Delete Data	
8. 3. 1 To Delete a Page of Data	
8. 3. 2 To Delete All Data	
8. 4 Contrast Adjustment	41
9. Cleaning	42
10. Specification	43
11 Dringinla of Massuramont	лл
11. Principle of Measurement	
11. 2 What is Discomfort Index (DI) and Dew Point Temperature (DT)?	
12. About Compensation	17
12. 1 Influence of Measuring Temperature	
12. 2 Influence of Pressure at Measuring Point	
12. 3 Measuring Gas Components	
	40
13. Probe Directivity (Air Velocity)	48
13. 1 MODEL A531/A54113. 2 MODEL A542	
13. 3 MODELA533 13. 4 MODELA543	
IG. + MODELAJ45	
14. Troubleshooting	52
15. Warranty and After Service	53

1. CLIMOMASTER Anatomy

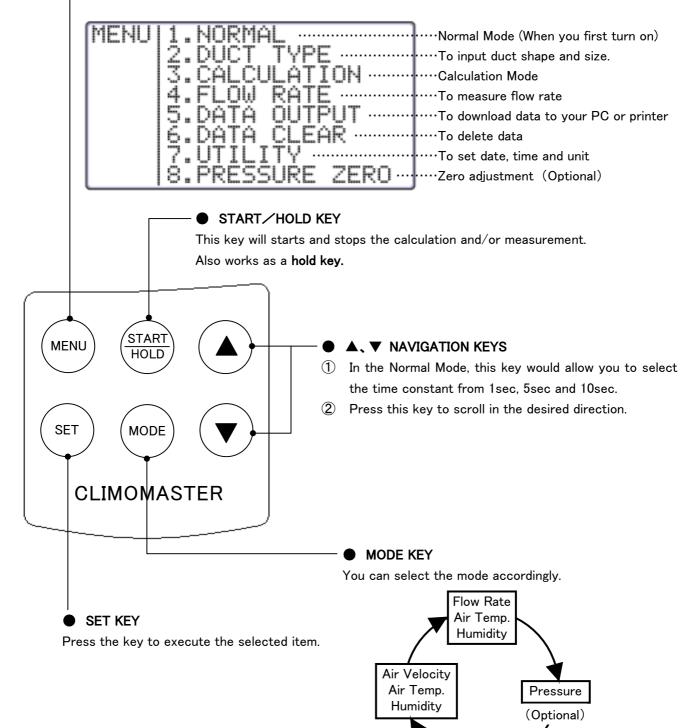


1. 2 Operation Panel (Keys and Functions)

MENU KEY

Press once to access the main menu..

 \times If you press this key while measuring or setting, this key will work as **CANCEL** and bring you back to the main menu.

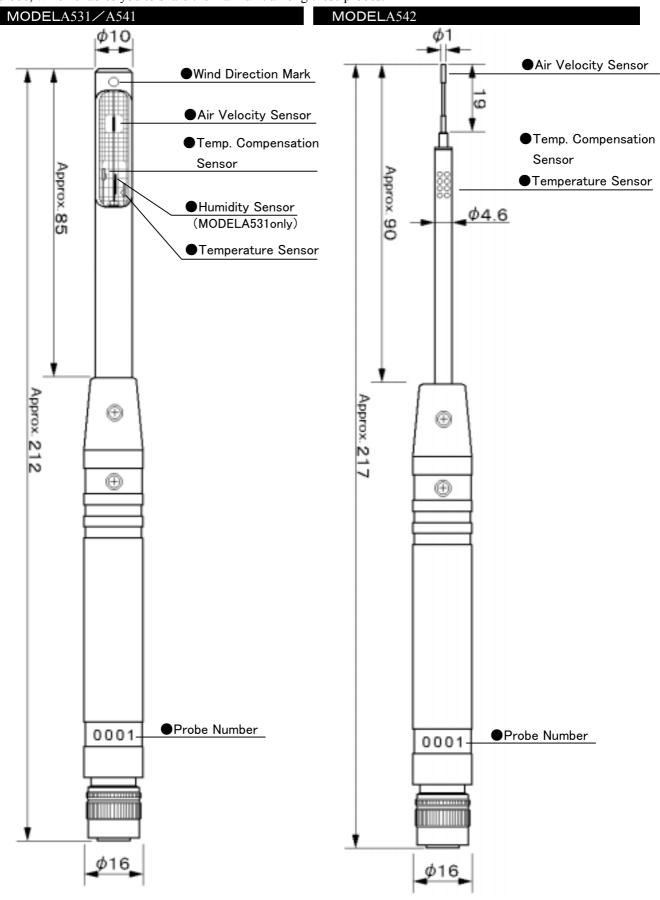


*Humidity only available on MODELA531 and A533.

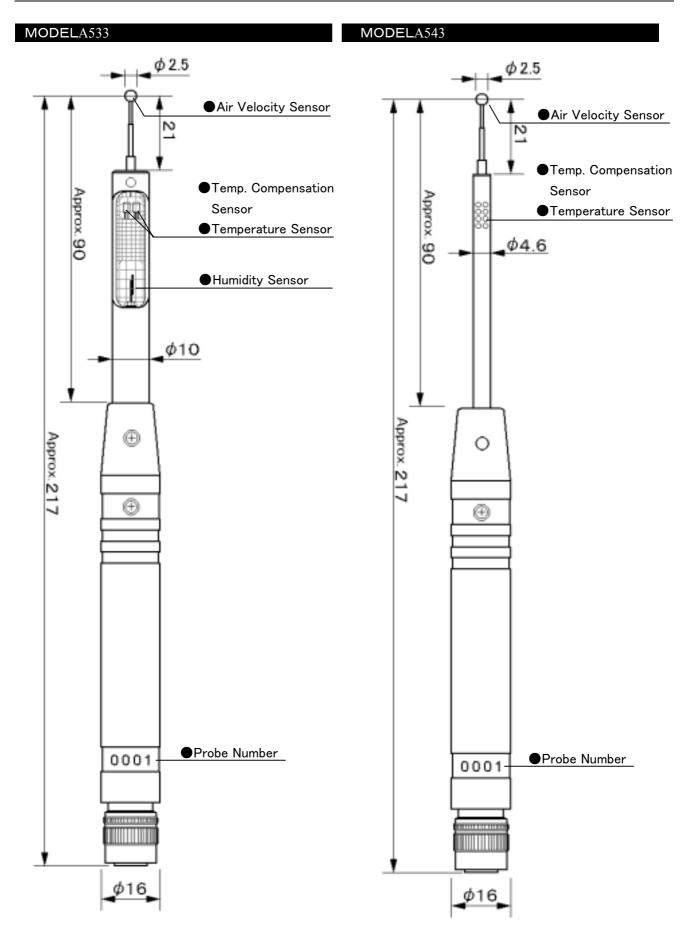
1.3 Probe

Unit: mm

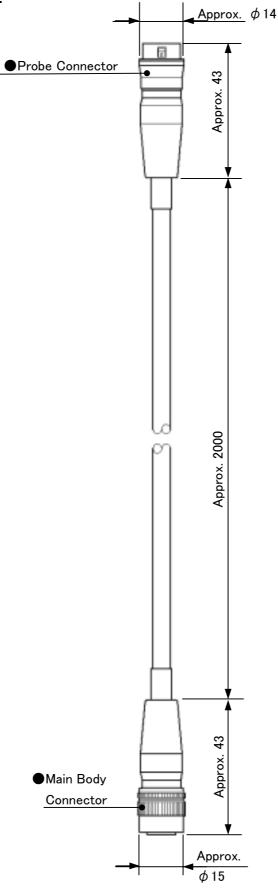
There are 5 different types of probe available for the Climomaster. The model number of the Climomaster matches that of probe, which is included in the package. EPROM with calibration data is stored in the grip section of the probe, which enables you to share the main unit among these probes.



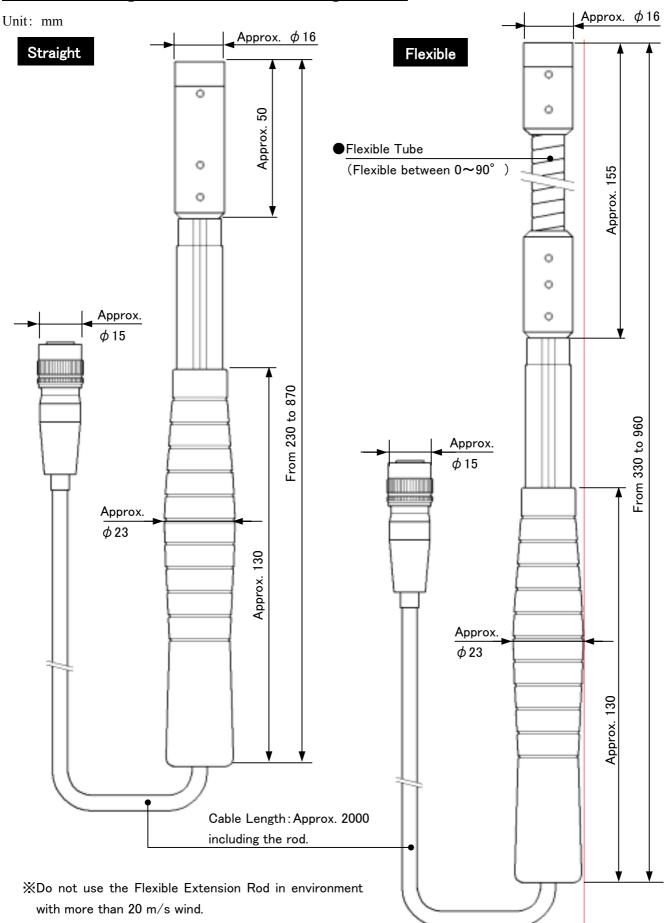
1. CLIMOMASTER Anatomy



1. 4 Probe Cable

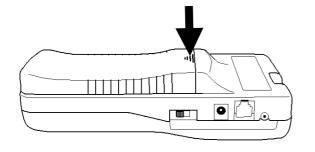


1. 5 Telescopic Extension Rod (Optional)

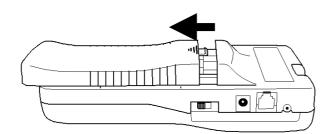


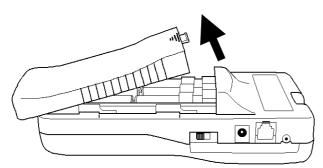
2. Getting Started

2. 1 Installing Batteries



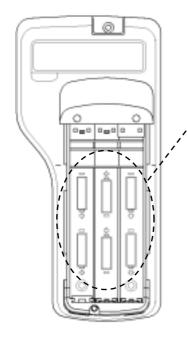
Press down on the battery cover.





②Slide the cover until it stops.

③Lift the cover away from the body.



3 Insert the battery observing the polarity. This instrument requires 6 AA size batteries. Use only AA size Manganese (R6), alkaline (LR6) or Ni-Cd batteries for replacement.

DO NOT mix new batteries with used ones, for it may lead to leakage.

 $\$ Batteries CANNOT be recharged by optional AC adapter.

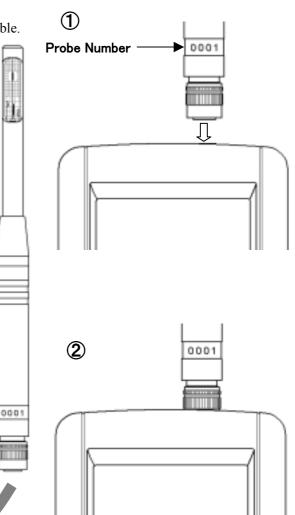
(4)Put the cover back on by reversing the procedure (2), (3).

2. 2 Connecting Probe

You can connect Probe directly to Main Body or via extension cable.

- Make sure that the power is OFF when connecting or Disconnecting Probe/Probe cable.
- Do not use the extension rod at above 20m/s of wind. (It may cause damage to the rod.)
- ①Probe/Probe Cable connector only fits one way because the connector is not symmetrical. Attach the cable connector and rotate it until the spot where they match.
- ※ When you connect Probe, connect it with Probe number facing forward (see the chart ①, ②).
- (2)Push-in the connector until you hear click.
- DO NOT FORCE to connect Probe/Probe Cable.It may cause a serious damage to the instrument.

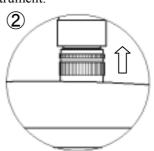
Probe Terminal

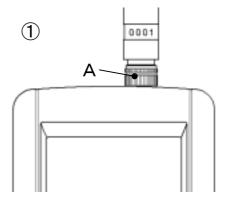


2. 3 Disconnecting Probe

Make sure that the power is OFF when connecting or disconnecting.①Pull up the lock ring of Probe/Probe Cable. (see chart ①-A)

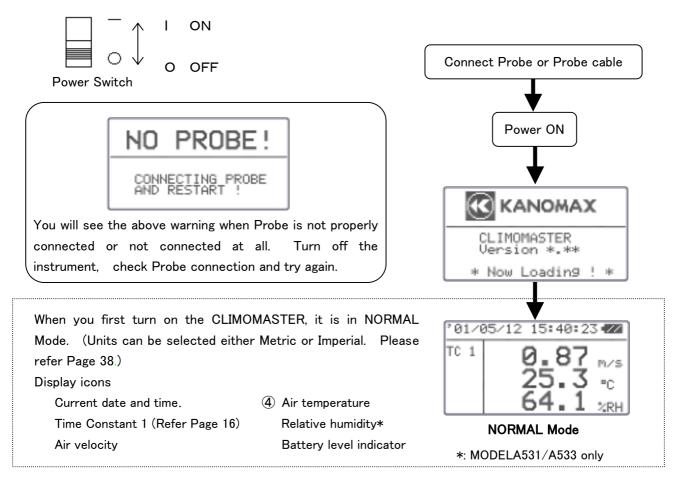
- ②Pull out Probe/Probe Cable from Main Body with the lock ring up (see chart ②).
- DO NOT rotate Probe or Probe Cable while connected.It may cause a serious damage to the instrument.





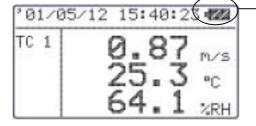
2. 4 Powering CLIMOMASTER ON/OFF

You can turn ON and OFF the CLIMOMASTER by flicking the switch on the side. When you turn on the power after connecting Probe or Probe cable, Manufacturer's logo, model name and its software version appear on the display for a few seconds.





Battery Level Indicator



To release the lock, turn off the power and replace the batteries. Even before completely run out, the low battery may cause the

The battery consumption largely depends upon the air velocity, and it is difficult to predict the battery life. This "Battery Indicator" gives you the battery status and reminds you the timing for battery replacement.

The indicator changes as you see it below.

– LOCK -

LCD display to freeze.

(Flashes) When When is displayed, every function of the instrument will be Time to replace the batteries locked. The measurement will stop and data will NOT be saved.

2. 5 How To Take Measurements

2. 5. 1 Measuring Air Velocity

- MODELA531/A541: Probe has its own directivity characteristics. Make sure that the wind direction mark is facing the wind (For more details on directivity characteristics, refer . p.48). If you are not sure of wind direction, slowly rotate Probe and measure at the point where you get the largest air velocity reading.
- MODELA533/A543/A542: Place the sensor perpendicular to the flow. For directivity of the needle type probe, please refer page 48.
- To make the temperature compensation more effective, make sure that the entire mesh section of Probe is evenly exposed to the airflow.
- To take a measurement in temperature changing situation, leave Probe for more than 20 seconds until the display becomes stable.

2. 5. 2 Measuring Air Temperature

- The faster the wind, the shorter the response time for temperature measurement. The normal response time is approximately 30 seconds (with the airflow of 1m/s present). Take the measurement after the reading is stabilized on the display.
- With no airflow present, the instrument's temperature reading may become higher than it actually is due to the heat generated by the air velocity sensor. It is recommended to take a measurement with at least 0.1m/s of wind present for accurate reading..

2. 5. 3 Measuring Humidity

◆ Use of this instrument in extremely high humidity or rapid temperature changing atmosphere may cause condensation on the surface of the sensor. When condensation occurs on the sensor surface, dry the sensor by leaving Probe in environment with 40%RH or lower for more than 24 hours.

——Comparing with ASSMANN Psychrometer—

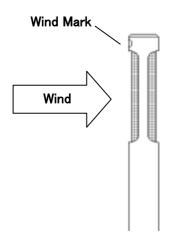
The humidity measurement function of CLIMOMASTER is strictly calibrated, traceable to Japanese National Standards carried by JEMIC (Japan Electric Meters Inspection Corporation), and it assures you highly accurate performance.

The electronic hygrometer, used in CLIMOMASTER, is known to be more stable and has shorter response time compared to conventional ASSMANN Psychrometer. Besides, the electronic hygrometer is not dependent upon the measurement conditions, while ASSMANN Psychrometer can easily be influenced by many factors such as dust, dew and the way you wrap the gauze.

For more information on proper handling of your ASSMANN Psychrometer, please refer to Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS-Z8806 "Method of Measuring Humidity"), or its counterpart standards that apply.

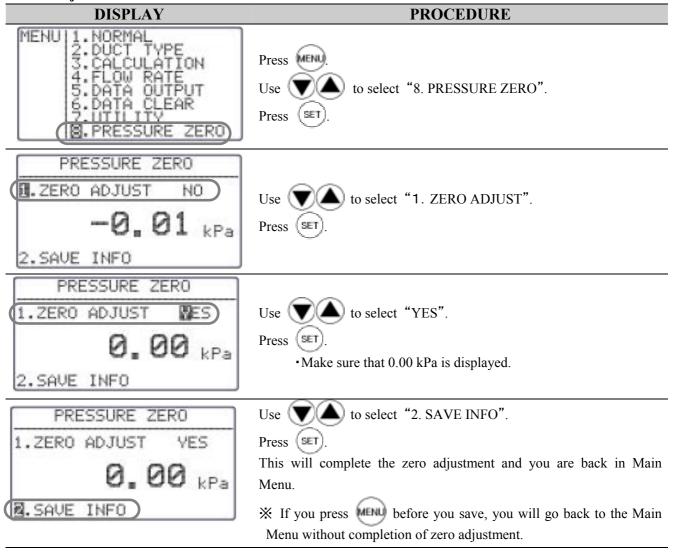
2. 5. 4 Measuring Pressure

- Do not apply more than 75kPa of pressure to the pressure sensor (optional). This may cause serious damage to the sensor.
- When you make a measurement, make sure that the temperature is somewhere in between 5 to 40°C or 41 to 104° F.
- ◆ Before you make a pressure measurement, make sure you execute the zero adjustment. When you make the adjustment, leave the both pressure ports ((+) and (-)) open.



• Zero adjustable range is within ± 0.5 kPa. If the reading is out of the range, the error massage will appear in the display.

<Zero Adjustment Procedure>



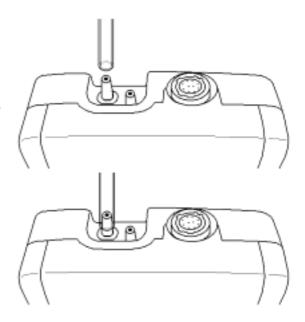
<Connecting Pressure Tube>

Connect the pressure tube to the (+) or (-) port as you see on the right.

Connect/insert the other end of the tube to the measuring hole of the duct. If the pressure that you are going to measure is above ambient, connect the tube to (+) Port. If it is negative, connect the tube to (-) Port.

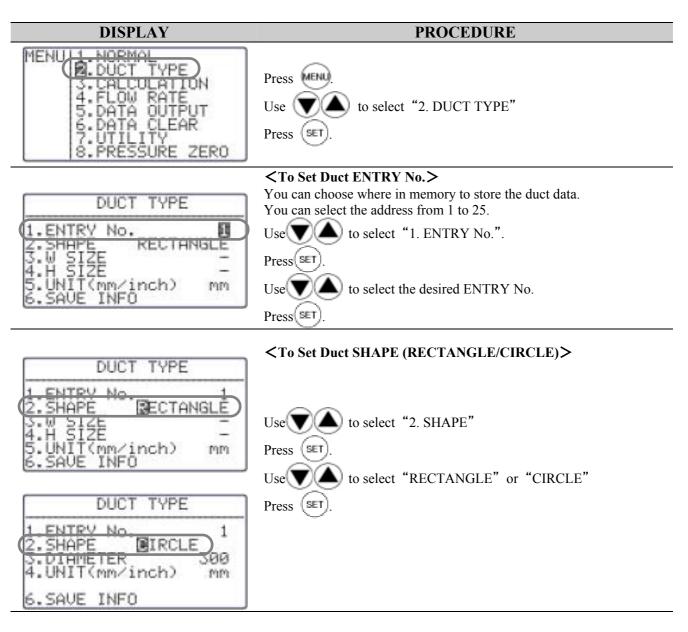
! CAUTION !

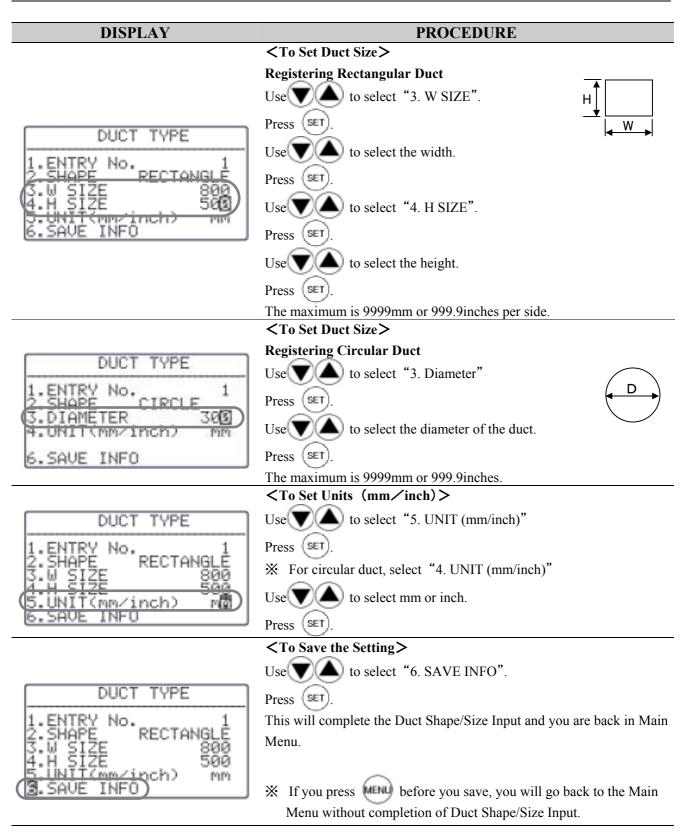
In order to make a precise measurement, the tube must be connected securely and must not be bent at any point.



3. Duct Shape/Size Input

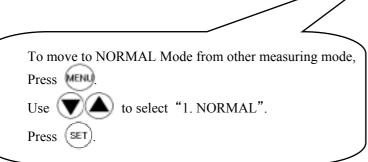
You can register in your CLIMOMASTER Model A531 up to 25 different duct types, which let you obtain the flow rate automatically. All you have to do is to select a duct before you take the measurement (for selecting a duct type, please see section 4).

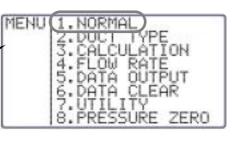




4. Normal Measurement

This is the mode that you will be in, when you first turn on the instrument. In this mode you cannot save any data. The display will be updated every 1 second.





4. 1 Selecting the Measuring Parameters



°01/05/12 15:40:23

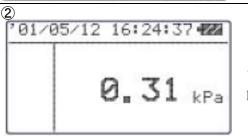
1

TC 1

<NORMAL MODE>

Press word, and display mode moves in order, as shown below. ②Pressure(Optional)→③Air Flow→①Air Velocity(=Normal)

PROCEDURE



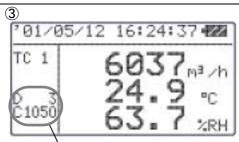
PRESSURE MODE>

<FLOW RATE MODE>

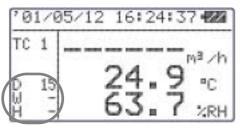
shown in bottom left corner.

*This mode is available only when your instrument has optional pressure sensor built-in.

Gives you the flow rate based on your selection of a duct from



Duct Type



<How to Select Duct Type> Use while pressing (set) in Normal Mo

pre-registered duct types (see Chapter 3).

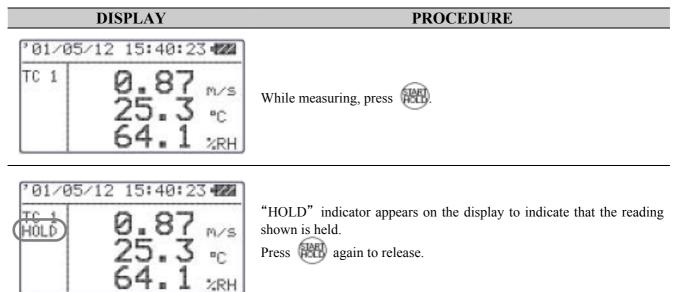
while pressing (^{SET}) in Normal Mode- FLOW RATE.

When you have not selected a duct type or your selected duct type (number) is not available, the instrument will not give you the flow rate reading..

Make sure you properly register and select the duct type. See Chapter 3. Duct Shape/Size Input for more detail.

Selected duct type is

4. 2 Display Hold

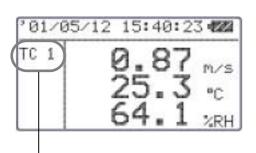


Maximum Hold…How to Hold the Maximum Value

DISPLAY PROCEDURE	
² 01/05/12 15:40:23 12 TC 1 0.87 m/s 25.3 °C 64.1 %RF	While measuring, press and hold 🛞 .
101/05/12 15:40:23 42 HOLD 0.87 M/3 25.3 °C 64.1 %R	maximum value of each parameter (air velocity, air temperature,

4. 3 To Change Time Constant

DISPLAY



Time Constant

PROCEDURE

In Normal Mode, you can change the Time Constant by pressing



You can select Time Constant from 1sec, 5sec and 10sec.

TC1 : Display moving average of 1sec.

- TC5 : Display moving average of 5sec.
- TC10: Display moving average of 10sec.

**The Time Constant is only effective in Normal Mode. When you first turn on the instrument, it is effective in AIR VELOCITY and AIR FLOW of Normal Mode. If you need to make it effective in AIR TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY and PRESSURE (Optional) in Normal Mode, refer Chapter 4.4 "To Change Time Constant Application".

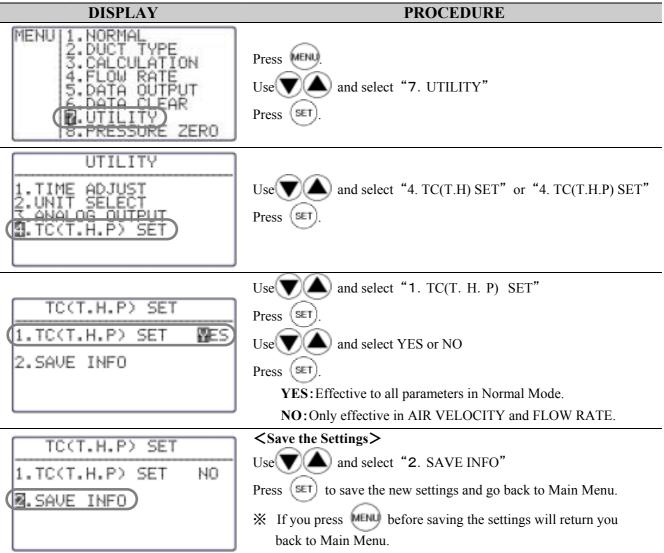
* * * What is Time Constant? * * *

Time Constant determines the time span of the moving average. When you set the Time Constant to a larger value, the indicating value will become stable. When you select the smaller(=shorter) Time Constant value, the reading will become more responsive and sensitive to the change in air velocity. This function will not be in effect in Calculation Mode and Air Flow Mode.

MODE	Way To Take In Measured Data	EXPLANATION	
TC1	0 5 10 15 20 sec. (Measuring Time) $$	Take the data 10 times in a second and indicate its average as an instantaneous value at every 1 second.	
TC5	0 5 10 15 20sec. (Measuring Time)	Indicate the average value of 5 seconds at every 1 second. Data shifts by 1 second.	
TC10	0 5 10 15 20sec. (Measuring Time)	Indicate the average value of 10 seconds at every 1 second. Data shifts by 1 second.	

4. 4 To Change Time Constant Application

When you first turn on the instrument, the Time Constant is only effective in AIR VELOCITY and AIR FLOW of Normal Mode. If you want to make it effective in AIR TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY and PRESSURE (Optional), the following change must be made.



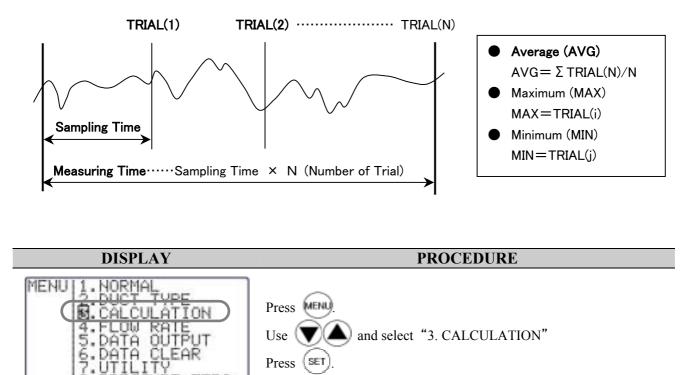
DATA

5. Measuring Maximum, Minimum & Mean

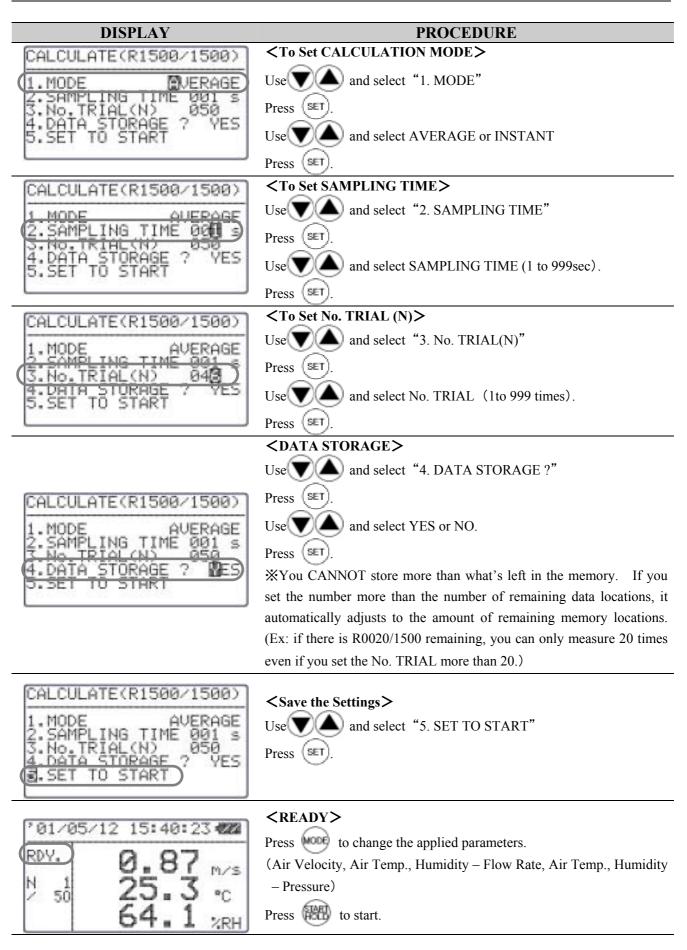
Calculation Mode will automatically calculates the maximum, minimum and mean of measured data.

Press (SET

ZERO



CALCULATION MODE DISPLAY ICONS Total Memory Remaining Memory Available CALCULATE (R1420/1500) MODE AVERAGE SAMPLING TIME 001 5 No. TRIAL (N) 050 4. DATA STORAGE ? YES 5. SET TO START	 1.CALCULATION MODE AVERAGE : Take the average of each second within sampling time and count it as a 1 measured data. INSTANT : Make the measurement at the last second of the sampling time and count it as a 1 measured data. 2.SAMPLING TIME (1 to 999 sec) To set the length of sampling time of measurement. 3.No. TRIAL (1 to 999 times)
	To set the number of trials (data) needed of desired sampling time.
	4.DATA STORAGE (YES or NO)
	5.SET TO START
	Save the setting and return to standby.

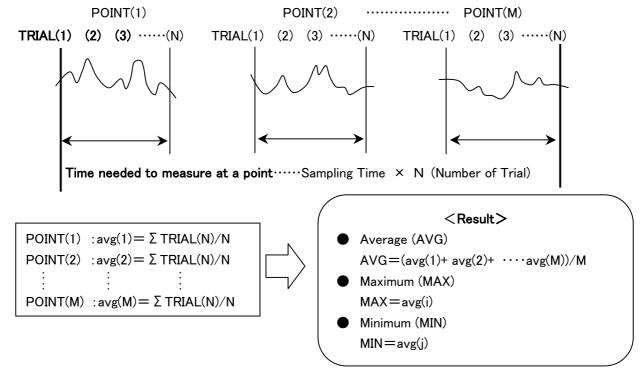


DISPLAY	PROCEDURE
'01/05/12 15:42:57 422 SMP. 2.11 N 3 50 25.3 64.2 %RH	While Measuring> Press to stop. X If you have selected "YES" for "4. DATA STORAGE?", the measured data will be stored. Press can also stop the measurement but this would not store any data.
CALCULATION MAX 2.76 m/s AUG 1.43	<result> After all the trials are finished, the calculated result will appear in display. Press () (or Air Flow) → Air Temp. → Humidity → Dew Point</result>
MIN 0.81 m/s	Temperature (DT), Discomfort Index. (DI) *Only Pressure is displayed, if you measured Pressure. Press to return the setup mode of CALCULATION. Press to return to Main Menu.
 Related Functions: If printer is connected, press to To recall stored data.→P.25 Print out→P.27 What is Dew Point Temperature (DT) 	o print out the result.

*Humidity only available on MODELA531 and A533.

6. Flow Rate Mode

CLIMOMASTER features the accurate Flow Rate Mode which corresponds to the industry measurement standards such as ASHRAE.

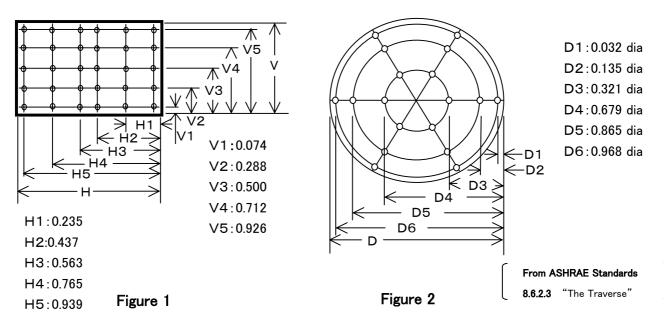


The value of each point is the average of $TRIAL(1) \sim TRIAL(N)$.

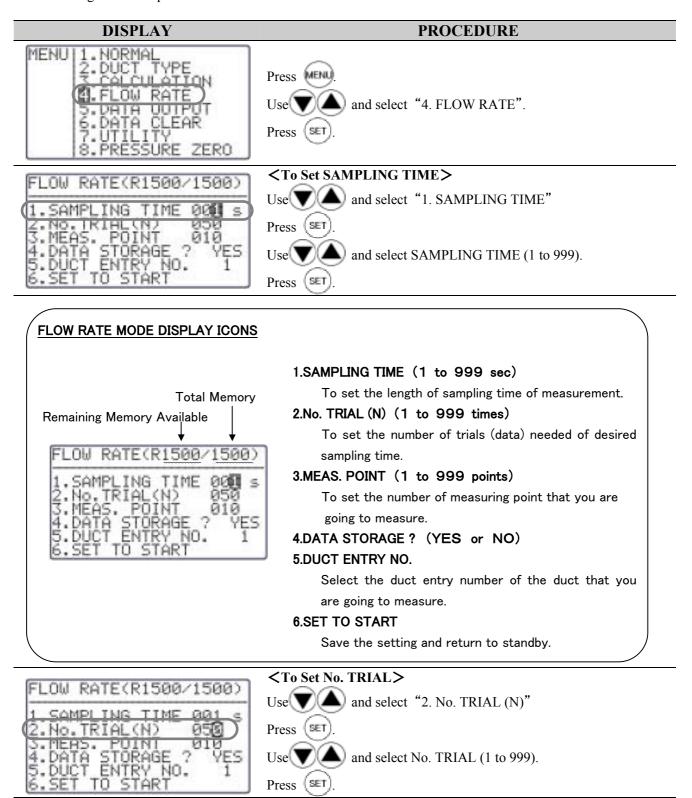
The value of each point $(POINT(1) \sim POINT(N))$ will be stored in the memory.

To take an accurate measure the airflow of a duct, you need to figure out the average velocity of air inside the duct and the area of cross section of the duct.

```
Air Flow: Air Volume per Time Unit [m^3/min, m^3/h, ft^3/min, ft^3/h]
Air Flow (Q) = Average Air Velocity (U) × Cross Sectional Area (A)
```



Using the log-Tchebycheff method, the duct is divided into rectangular areas, which are further adjusted in size to account for effects of the duct wall on the airflow. (See Figure 1) A minimum of 25 points must be measured in order to get a good average. For the round duct, the duct is divided into concentric circles, each containing equal area. (See Figure 2) An equal number of readings are taken from each circular area, thus obtaining the best average. Please refer to **ASHRAE Standards 8.6.2.3 "The Traverse"** for more details. The following shows the procedure with CLIMOMASTER.



DISPLAY	PROCEDURE		
DISPLAY FLOW RATE(R1500/1500) 1.SAMPLING TIME 001 s 2.No.TRIAL(N) 050 3.MEAS. POINT 010 4.DATA STORAGE ? YES 5.DUCT ENTRY NO. 1 6.SET TO START FLOW RATE(R1500/1500) 1.SAMPLING TIME 001 s 2.No.TRIAL(N) 050 2.No.TRIAL(N) 050 3.MEAS. POINT 010 4.DATA STORAGE ? WES 5.DUCT ENTRY NO. 1	PROCEDURE < To Set MEAS. POINT> Use and select "3. MEAS. POINT" Press and select the number of MEAS. POINT (1 to 999). Press and select the number of MEAS. POINT (1 to 999). Press and select the number of MEAS. POINT (1 to 999). Press and select the number of MEAS. POINT (1 to 999). Press and select the number of MEAS. POINT (1 to 999). Press and select the number of MEAS. POINT (1 to 999). Press and select the number of MEAS. POINT (1 to 999). Press and select the number of MEAS. POINT (1 to 999). Press and select the number of MEAS. POINT (1 to 999). Item (1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1		
FLOW RATE(R1500/1500) 1.SAMPLING TIME 001 s 2.No.TRIAL(N) 050 3.MEAS. POINT 010 4.DATA STORAGE ? VES 5.DUCT ENTRY NO. 6.SET TO START	Press SET. Select DUCT ENTRY NO.> Use and select "5. DUCT ENTRY NO." Press SET. X If you select an open ENTRY NO., you cannot start the Flow Rate measurement.		
DUCT TYPE 1.ENTRY No. 2.SHAPE RECTANGLE 3.W SIZE - 4.H SIZE - 5.UNIT(mm/inch) mm 6.SAVE INFO	Here you can input the dimension of the duct. Refer Chapter 3 "Duct Shape/Size Input" (p.12) for detail.		
FLOW RATE(R1500/1500) 1.SAMPLING TIME 001 s 2.No.TRIAL(N) 050 3.MEAS. POINT 010 4.DATA STORAGE ? YES 5.DUCT ENTRY NO. 1 3.SET TO START	Save the Settings> Use and select "6. SET TO START" Press SET. % If you press before saving the settings will return you back to Main Menu.		
101/05/12 16:11:59 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	<ready> Press to start. *<how duct="" select="" to="" type=""> Use while pressing (SET).</how></ready>		
DISPLAY ICONS① RDY : Current Status (READY / SAMPLING)② P001 :Current Number of Points③ N001 :Current Number of Trial④ D 3 :Selected Duct Entry Number⑤ C300 :Duct Shape and Size(In this case, the duct is circular and it's 300mm dia.)For the rectangular duct, W ***, H *** will be displayed.			

DISPLAY	PROCEDURE
101/05/12 16:24:37 22 1 SMP. 2 P 1 3 N 4 4 D 3 5 C 300 6037m³/h 24.9 °C 63.7 %RH	While Measuring Press to stop the measurement. If you want continue, press again to re-start the measurement. Press set to complete the measurement. Then the result will appear in the display. (If Point 1 is not completed, any result will not appear in the display.) Press to complete the measurement without data store.
NEXT 001/015 22 RDY. 502 3/h N 1 27.1 °c C 300 62.9 %RH	<ready 1="" after="" point=""></ready> After completing the measurement of Point 1, the instrument will be in STANDBY, ready to measure Point 2. NEXT 001/015 Number of Points Number of Points Already Measured
FLOW RATE MAX 106433 ^{m³} /h AUG 85134 ^{m³} /h MIN 66797 ^{m³} /h	<result></result> After the completion of the measurement, the result will appear in the display. Press v to select the parameter in order of Air Flow → Air Temperature → Humidity → Air Velocity Press v to return the setup mode of FLOW RATE. Press v to return to Main Menu.
 Related Functions: If printer is connected, press to p To recall stored data.→P.25 	print out the result.

Print out \rightarrow P.27

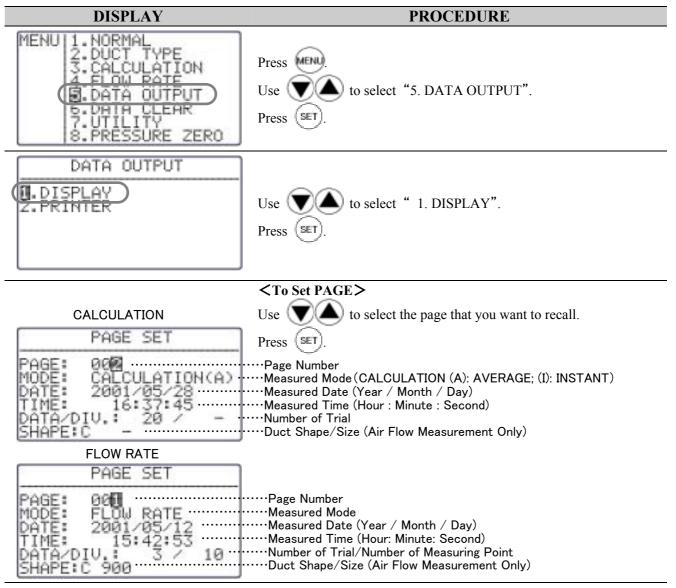
*Humidity only available on MODELA531 and A533.

7. Data Output

7. 1 What Can Be Stored

Measuring Mode	Display		Stored Pa	rameters
MODEL	A531/A533	A541/A542/A543	A531/A533	A541/A542/A543
CALCULATION Mode	V, T, H	V, T	V, T, H	V, T
	W, T, H	W, T	V, W, T, H	V, W, T
	P (Optional)	P (Optional)	Р	Р
FLOW RATE Mode	V, T, H	V, T	V, W, T, H	V, W, T
	W, T, H	W, T	V, W, T, H	V, W, T
V: Air Velocity W: Flow Rate T: Air Temperature H: Humidity P: Pressure				

7. 2 To Recall Stored Data



DISPLAY	PROCEDURE
	Recalled Data> Recalled data will be displayed. Use to scroll.
START:001 END:050 NUM. m/s °C 2RH 001 0.81 25.4 64.7 002 0.95 25.4 64.7 003 0.98 25.6 64.9 004 1.05 25.7 65.1 005 1.21 25.7 65.0 006 0.99 25.9 65.2	•Calculation Range •Data Number; Air Velocity; Air Temperature; Humidity If you measured Flow Rate in CALCULATION mode or if you measured in FLOW RATE Mode, you can select Flow Rate or Air Velocity to be displayed by pressing . Only Pressure will be displayed, if you measured Pressure.
START:00 END:050 NUM. m/s °C %RH 001 0.81 25.4 64.7 002 0.95 25.4 64.7 003 0.98 25.6 64.9 004 1.05 25.7 65.1 005 1.21 25.7 65.0 006 0.99 25.9 65.2	 Set CALCULATION RANGE> You can select the range of calculation. (If you are not going to change the data range, press (a) to calculate the entire data.) Press (a) Press (a) (If you are not going to change the data range, press (b) to calculate the entire data.) Press (a) (If you are not going to change the data range, press (b) to calculate the entire data.) Press (a) (If you are not going to change the data range, press (b) to calculate the entire data.) Press (a) (If you are not going to change the data range, press (b) to select the first data Press (a) (If you are not going to change the data range, press (b) to select the last data. Press (a) (If you are not going to calculate. (If you are not going to change the data range, press (b) to calculate.
FLOW RATE MAX 106433m³/h AUG 85134m³/h MIN 66797m³/h	In FLOW RATE Mode Press

*Humidity only available on MODELA531 and A533.

7. 3 Print Out

You can connect CLIMOMASTER to a printer using an RC232C cable for data printout.

7. 3. 1 Preparation

<Need to Have>

- Printer (Optional) ······ Recommended: Seiko Instruments Model DPU-H245
- Printer Cable (Optional)

<Check the BAUD RATE>

You need to coordinate the baud rate and data transmission conditions on both Main Body and the printer. The factory setting of Main Body is as follows:

Data Bit Length	8 bits	3
Parity	None	
Stop Bit	1	
Delimiter	CRLF	
Baud Rate	9600 bps	

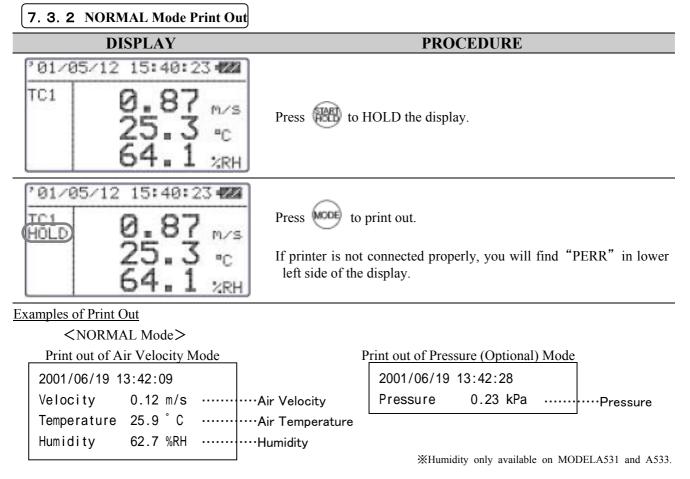
^{*} To change the BAUD RATE, refer p.38 "Units and Baud Rate".

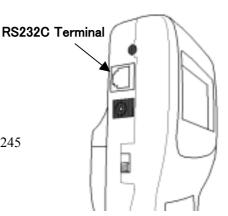
For the setting of printer, refer printer's operation manual.

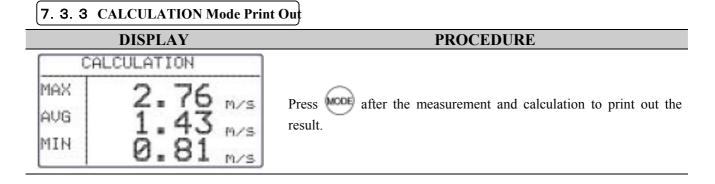
<Connecting Printer>

- ① Connect printer to Main Body using an RS-232C cable.
- (2) Turn ON the CLIMOMASTER first, and then turn ON the printer.

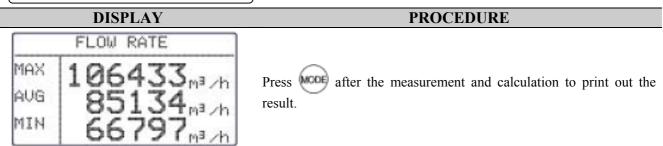
Make sure that the CLIMOMASTER is displaying NORMAL Mode.







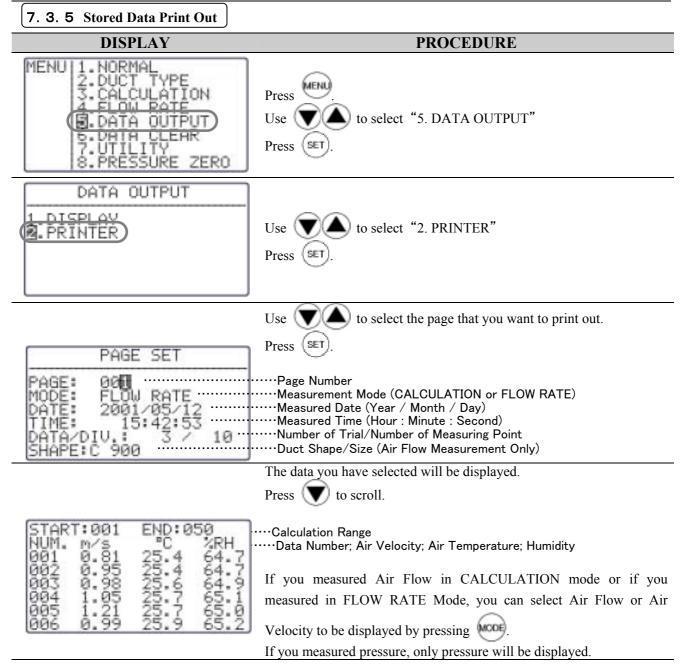
7. 3. 4 FLOW RATE Mode Print Out



Examples of Print Out

<CALCULATION Mode>

<FLOW RATE Mode>



7.	Data	Output
----	------	--------

	The data you have selected will be displayed.		
	Press V to scroll.		
START:001 END:050 NUM. m/s °C %RH 001 0.81 25.4 64.7	·····Calculation Range ·····Data Number; Air Velocity; Air Temperature; Humidity		
003 0.98 25.6 64.9 004 1.05 25.7 65.1	If you measured Air Flow in CALCULATION mode or if you measured		
005 1.21 25.7 65.0	in FLOW RATE Mode, you can select Air Flow or Air Velocity to be		
000 0177 2017 0012	displayed by pressing 600.		
	If you measured Pressure, only Pressure will be displayed.		
<set out="" print="" range=""></set>			
	You can select the range of calculation.		
	(If you are not going to change the data range, press it calculate		
	the entire data.)		
	Press (SET).		
(START:00 END:050)	Cursor will appear on "START"		
001 0.81 25.4 64.7			
002 0.95 25.4 64.7	Use (V)((A) to select starting point.		
004 1.05 25.7 65.1	Press (SET).		
005 1.21 25.7 65.0	Cursor will move to "END"		
000 0000 2000 0002	Use 🔽 🛆 to select l.		
	Press (SET).		
	Press ito calculate.		
	X You CANNOT set more than one range.		
PRINT OUTPUT	Press to select the content of the Print Out.		
. RESULT	Use to select.		
Z.DETA 3.ALL	Press $(\mathfrak{S}^{\mathfrak{T}})$ to print out.		
	1. RESULT·····Condition and Calculation Result		
	2. DATA·····Condition and Stored Data		
	3. ALL Condition, Calculation Result and Stored Data		

*Humidity only available on MODELA531 and A533.

Example of Print Out

<flow mode="" rate=""></flow>	<calculation mode=""></calculation>	>	
PAGE SET) (PAGE SET	
PAGE:011		PAGE:001	
MODE:FLOW RATE	Condition	MODE:CALCULATION(A)	
DATE:2001/06/21	(Always printed out)	DATE:2001/05/19	
TIME:16:23:08		TIME:11:32:26	
DATA:003		DATA:010	
DIV.:005		SAMPLING TIME:001	
SAMPLING TIME:001	(START:001 END:010	
START:001 END:005		MAX 0.75 m/s	
SHAPE W 200 H 300mm		AVG 0.40 m/s	
MAX 32194 m3/h		MIN 0.05 m/s	
AVG 16871 m3/h		MAX 25.8 °C	
MIN 5446 m3/h	Calculation Result	AVG 25.6 °C	
MAX 25.9 °C	(RESULT)	MIN 25.4 °C	
AVG 25.9 °C		MAX 59.1 %RH	
MIN 25.8 °C		AVG 58.2 %RH	
MAX 72.2 %RH		MIN 57.5 %RH	
AVG 71.2 %RH		DT 16.8 °C	
MIN 69.7 %RH	(DI 73.4	
MAX 1.49 m/s		NUM. m/s °C %RH	
AVG 0.78 m/s	/	001 0.05 25.8 57.5	;
MIN 0.25 m/s		002 0.06 25.8 57.6	;
NUM.m3/h °C %RH		003 0.48 25.6 57.7	·
001 20596 25.8 69.7	Stored Data	004 0.48 25.6 57.8	;
002 19906 25.9 72.2	(DATA)	005 0.56 25.6 58.0)
003 6214 25.9 71.3		006 0.48 25.6 58.3	;
004 5446 25.9 71.4)	007 0.39 25.5 58.5	;
		008 0.75 25.5 58.7	′
	(009 0.27 25.4 58.8	;

*Humidity , Dew Point Temperature (DT) and Discomfort Index (DI) only available on MODELA531 and A533.

7. 4 Digital Output

7.4.1 Preparation

You can download the data stored in CLIMOMASTER to your PC, by connecting CLIMOMASTER and your PC with the RC232C cable (Optional).

<Need To Have>

- Personal Computer
- ●RS-232C Cable (Optional)

<Check the BAUD RATE>

You need to coordinate the data transmission conditions on both Main Body and your PC.

The factory setting of Main Body is as follows:

Data Bit Length	8 bits
Parity	None
Stop Bit	1
Delimiter	CRLF
Baud Rate	9600 bps

X To change the BAUD RATE, refer p.38 "Units and Baud Rate".

RS232C Terminal

For setting your PC, refer to the operation manual of your PC

<Connecting PC>

- ① Turn OFF the CLIMOMASTER.
- ② Connect PC to Main Body using an RS-232C cable.
- ③ Turn ON the CLIMOMASTER.
- (4) Make sure that the CLIMOMASTER is displaying NORMAL Mode.

Make sure that the CLIMOMASTER is displaying NORMAL Mode.

RS232C Cable	Wiring Diagram
--------------	----------------

		6				
PC (D-S	ub9 pin)			CLIN	MOMASTER (MODELA5	31)
Signal	Pin No.	Connection	Pin No.	Signal	Purpose	Direction
NC	1 •		1	GND	Ground	
RXD	2		2	TXD	Transmitting	Output
TXD	3		3	RXD	Receiving	Input
NC	4		4	CTS	Transmission Approval	Input
GND	5	И	5	RTS	Transmission Request	Output
NC	6		6	NC		
RTS	7					
CTS	8					
NC	9	Ι				

Note: Data logging software also available from Kanomax.

_

7. 5 To Access From Your PC

To connect CLIMOMASTER to your PC, please refer to p.32.

——Icons and its Meaning———

- ⊔: Space
- ■: Return or Press Enter
- *: A Number

"0000000" will be displayed for humidity on MODELA541, A542 and A543.

Command	Function				
D***#	Number of Downloading Data				
N₽	Cancel				
S₽	Output of Measuring Condition (of				
	On-Time Data)				
U₽	Output of Measuring Units				
K∎	Output of Duct Shape/Size				
P₽	Output of Page Number				
T * * * * ₽	Output of Stored Data				
M * * * * ⊮	Output of Measuring Condition (of				
1,	Stored Data)				
B₽	Output of Measuring Condition of				
	All Pages				

7. 5. 1 Transmission of On-Time Data					
DISPLAY	PROCEDURE				
Example: Air Velocity Mode and typed D**** AD AD AD AD AD AD AD AD AD AD	PROCEDURE <set data="" needed="" number="" of=""> Press "D**** ■" (※Must type in 4 digits) After "AD", the data will be displayed. Each data represent 1sec of measurement. If you ask for 20 data, in takes approximately 20sec to display. The maximum number that can be set is 999. If you need more re-send the command. <output content=""> Air Velocity Mode: Velocity; Temperature; Humidity Flow Rate Mode: Flow Rate; Temperature; Humidity Pressure Mode: 0000000; 0000000; Pressure *"0000000" will be displayed for humidity</output></set>				
	<10 Cancel> Press "N#"	on MODELA541, A542 and A543.			
DISPLAY	PROCEDURE				
AS: WTH;01;==200;==300;====-;mm;	 <to conditions="" download="" measuring=""></to> Press "S" After "AS", the data will be displayed. <output content=""></output> Measuring Parameter (WTH, VTH or PRS); Time Constant; Width; Height; Diameter; Units of Duct Size WTH: Flow Rate, Temperature, Humidity VTH: Air Velocity, Temperature, Humidity PRS: Pressure (Optional) 				
DISPLAY		PROCEDURE			
AU■ m/s;°C;%RH;kPa;m3/min■	<to download="" measur<br="">Press "U■" After "AU", the data w <output content=""> Velocity Unit; Tempera Rate Unit</output></to>				

7. Data Output

7. 5. 2 Transmission of Stored Memory				
DISPLAY		PROCEDURE		
AK 01; 002; 000; 000; 0000 - ; mm 02; 0000 - ; 0000 - ; 00500; inch 24; 00550; 00400; 0000 - ; mm 25; 0000 - ; 0000 - ; 0250; mm	To Download Duct Setting> Press "K " After "AK", the data will be displayed. All stored duct settings (1 thru 25) will be downloaded. Output Content> Entry No. (Data Location): Width; Height; Diameter; Units of Duct Size			
DISPLAY		PROCEDURE		
	Press "P∎"	e data will be displayed. stored pages will be downloaded.		
DISPLAY	<to download<="" th=""><th>PROCEDURE Stored Data></th></to>	PROCEDURE Stored Data>		
AT 2001/05/19;13:32:26 001;000.05;00025.8;0005;0002;0006;00025.8;00057.5 002;000.06;00025.6;00057.6 003;000.48;00025.6;00057.7 004;000.48;00025.6;00057.8 005;000.56;00025.6;00058.0	 <to data="" download="" stored=""></to> Press "T****" (*Must type in 4 digits) Type in the desired page number after "T". After "AT", the data will be displayed. <output content=""></output> Air Velocity Mode: Number of Data; Velocity; Temperature; Humidity Flow Rate Mode: Number of Data; Flow Rate; Temperature; Humidity Pressure Mode: Number of Data; 0000000; 0000000; Pressure * The numbers will be displayed in currently selected units. NOT in units of at saving the data. 			
DISPLAY		ata will not be downloaded. PROCEDURE		
AME		<to condition="" data="" download="" measuring="" of="" stored=""></to>		
Ame WTH;000;001;003;AVG;002;001;003;AVG;002;001;003;AVG;001;003;000;001;000;001;000;000		Press "M * * * * ■" (※ Must type in 4 digits) Type in the desired page number after "M".		
<output content=""></output>				
 Measuring Parameter WTH: Flow Rate; Temperature; Humidity VTH: Velocity; Temperature; Humidity PRS: Pressure (Optional) Measuring Mode 000: Calculation Mode 001: Flow Rate Mode Sampling Time 		 (4) Number of Data (5) Calculation Mode AVG: Average INS: Instantaneous In the case of Fow Rate Mode, the point is indicated. (6) Width (7) Height (8) Diameter (9) Units of Duct Size 		
DISPLAY		<to all="" condition="" download="" massuring="" of="" pages=""></to>		
AM WTH;000;001;AVG;003;عے200;عے300;عیدے-;mm VTH;001;010;INS;015;یے150;یے500;ی PRS;000;001;AVG;003;یے200;یے300;ی		To Download Measuring Condition of All Pages> Press "B " After "AM", the data will be displayed. Output Content> ※Same as above		
DISPLAY		PROCEDURE		
ED	<error message<br="">Re-type the comm</error>			

7. 6 Analog Output (Optional)

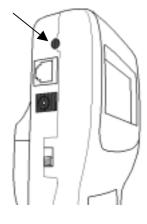
(Data Update.....0.1 second (Except Humidity: 1 second)

(2)Load Impedance·····Above 5K Ω

(3) Output Current \cdots DC $0 \sim 1V$

For the analog output, you must select one setting from the table below. (There is no analog output for Flow Rate)

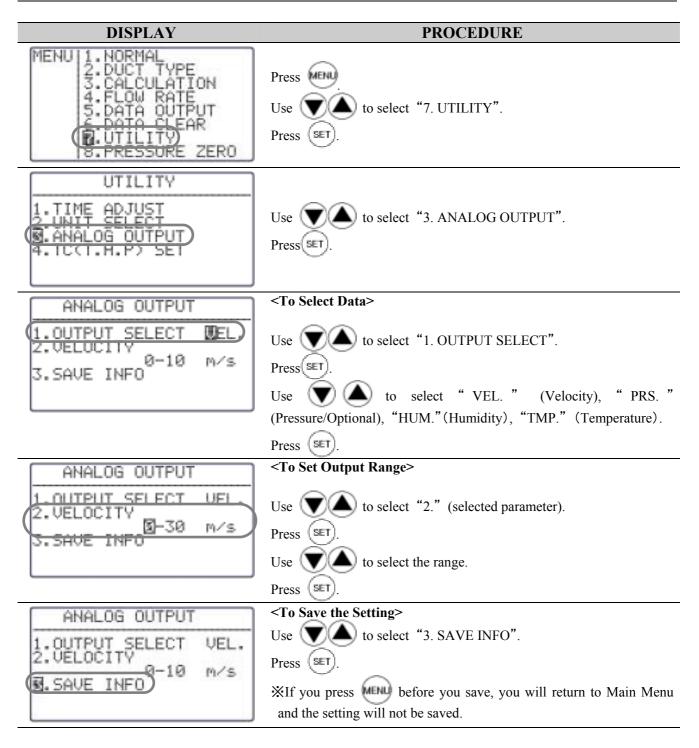
Parameter	Output Pongo	Conversion Formula
Parameter	Output Range	Conversion Formula
	0 ~ 5 m/s	$U= 5 \times V m/s$
T T 1	0 ~ 10 m/s	$U=10 \times V m/s$
Velocity	0 ~ 30 m/s	$U=30 \times V m/s$
(U)	0 ~ 1000 FPM	$U=1000 \times V$ FPM
	0 ~ 2000 FPM	$U=2000 \times V$ FPM
	0 ~ 6000 FPM	$U=6000 \times V$ FPM
Humidity	0 ∼ 50 %RH	$H=50 \times V$ %RH
(H)	0 ∼ 100 %RH	$H=100 \times V$ %RH
Temperature	-10 ~ 40 °C	$T = 50 \times V - 10$ °C
(T)	0 ~ 50 °C	$T = 50 \times V$ °C
	0 ~ 100 °C	T=100×V °C
	14 ~ 104 °F	$T = 90 \times V + 14$ °F
	32 ~ 122 °F	$T = 90 \times V + 32$ °F
	32 ~ 212 °F	$T = 180 \times V + 32$ °F
Pressure	-2 ~ +2 kPa	$P = 4 \times V - 2$ kPa
(P)	-5 ~ +5 kPa	$P = 10 \times V-5$ kPa



Of the output range, the low end will be set at 0V and the high end will be set at 1V. The voltage is linear. The Time Constant will be in effect. To change the setting of Time Constant, refer Chapter 4.3 "To Change Time Constant" p.16.

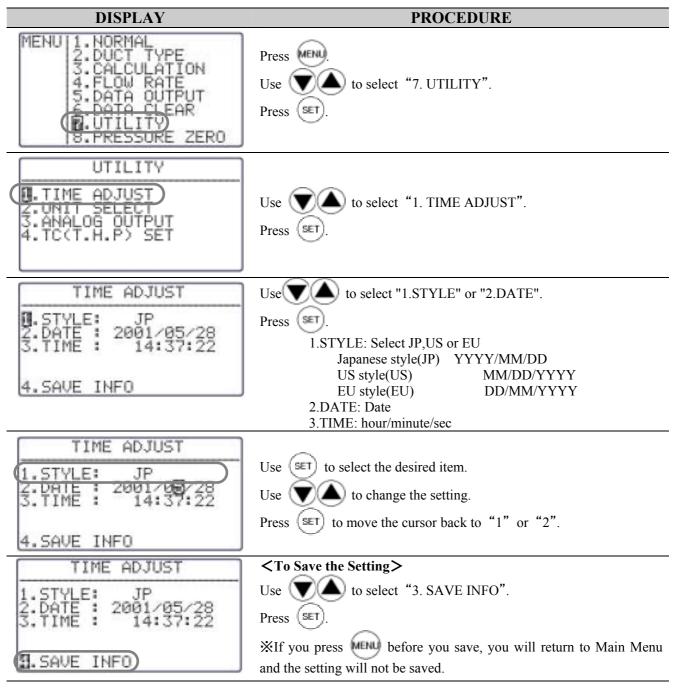
Mode	Way T	o Take In M	Explanation		
TC1	0 0.5	1.0 	1.5	2.0sec (Measuring Time) → Average of 1sec.	Take the data 10 times in a second and indicate its average as an instantaneous value at every 1 sec.
TC5	0 2.5	5.0	7.5	10sec (Measuring Time) → Average of 5sec.	Output the average value of 5sec. at every 0.1sec. Data shifts by 0.1sec.
TC10	0 5	10	15	20sec (Measuring Time)	Output the average value of 10sec. at every 0.1sec. Data shifts by 0.1sec.
		-	1	<u> </u>	

Analog Output Terminal

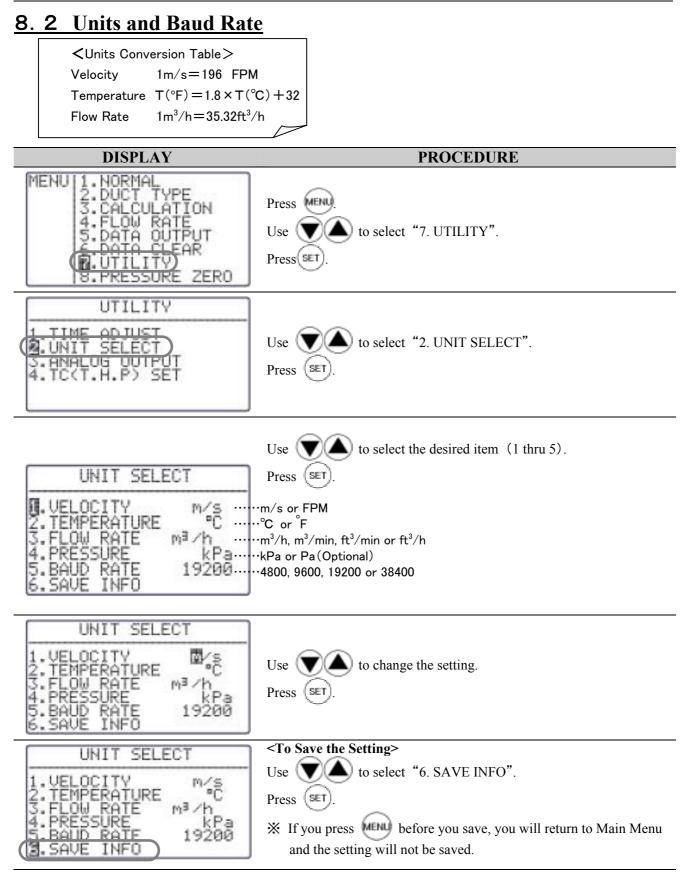


8. Other Settings

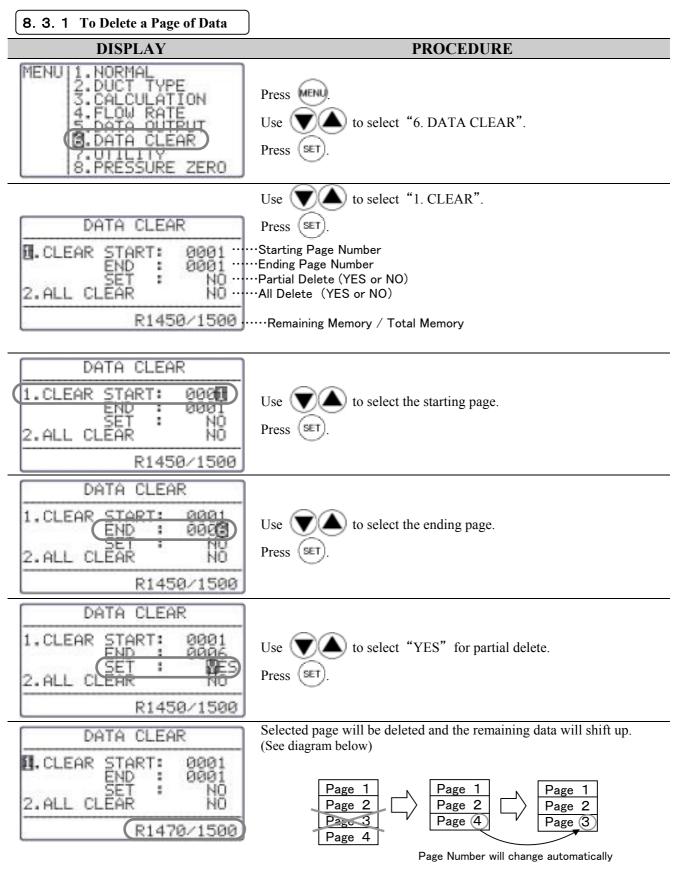
8. 1 Date



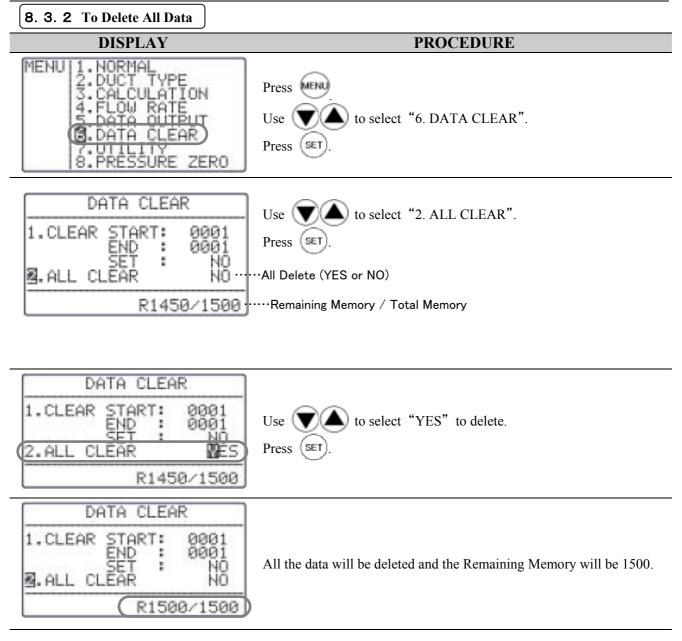
X Date of the output to the display or printer is depend on this setting. But the style of the output to digital port (RS-232C) is fixed as Japanese style.



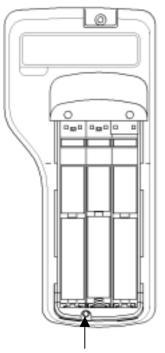
8. 3 To Delete Data



8. Other Settings

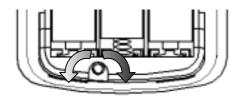


8. 4 Contrast Adjustment



In case you find the LCD display of CLIMOMASTER too dark or too light, there is an adjusting volume at the back, bottom of Main Body, inside the battery cover.

You can adjust by using a precision driver (-) $(0.9 \sim 1.5 \text{mm})$. Turn it clockwise to darken and vice versa.



Lightens

Darkens

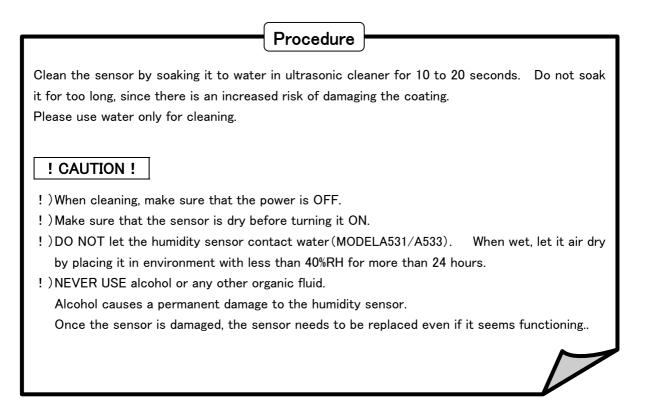
Contrast Adjusting Volume

9. Cleaning

➢ How to Clean Probe

Dust or particles attached on the velocity sensor would alter the amount of heat diffusion, which leads to less precise reading. Also, deformation or clogging up of the protective mesh around the sensor of CLIMOMASTER would also affect the accuracy of the instrument.

Users are encouraged to clean up Probe regularly for maintaining accurate measurement.



10. Specification

Pı	roduct	CLIMOMASTER Air Velocity Meter					
Model		A531	A541	A542	A533	A543	
Measuring Object		Clean air flow					
Measuring Rat		0.10~30.0 m/s			0.05~5.00m/s		
		0.00~	9.99m/s:0.01n	n/s	0.01m/s		
	Resolution	10.0~	30.0m/s:0.1m/	's			
Air Velocity	Accuracy	±(2	2% of Readin	g +0.1) m/s			
	Response Time				Approx. 7sec.		
	(at 1m/s, 90% response time)	Approx.	lsec.	Approx. 4sec.			
	Measuring Range			0.0 ~ 60.0C			
Air	Resolution			0.1C			
Temperature	Accuracy			±0.5C			
	Response Time		Approx.	30sec. (at 1m/s, 90%			
	Measuring Range	2.0~98.0%RH		-	2.0~98.0%RH	-	
	Resolution	0.1%RH		-	0.1%RH		
*1		2 ∼ 80%RH:			2 ∼ 80%RH:		
Humidity ^{*1}	Accuracy	±2.0%RH		-	±2.0%RH	-	
	recuracy	80~98%RH:			80~98%RH:		
		±3.0%RH			±3.0%RH		
	Response Time	Approx.15sec.	Approx.15 sec Approx. 15 sec				
	Measuring Range	-5.00~+5.00 kPa					
Pressure ^{*2}	Resolution	0.01kPa					
	Accuracy	$\pm (3\% \text{ of Reading} + 0.01) \text{ kPa}$					
	Response Time	+ (50/ CD 1		Approx. 1sec			
Temperatur	e Compensation				e range 5 to 60.0C)	10 1)	
		Max., Min., Average, Hold, Max Hold, Time Constant (1, 5, 10 seconds), Battery Level Indicator (5 Levels),					
En		Unit selection (Air Velocity: m/s, FPM Flow Rate: m ³ /min, m ³ /h, ft ³ /min,					
Fu	nctions	ft ³ /h Temperature: $^{\circ}$ C , $^{\circ}$ F Humidity ^{*1} : $^{\circ}$ RH, Static Pressure ^{*2} : kPa, Pa)					
		Store up to 25 Duct Sizes (Square/Round), Max.Data Storage: 1500					
		Digital Output: RS-232C (Baud Rate 4800, 9600, 19200 and 38400 bps) for					
		Output to Printer/PC					
C	Output	Analog Output * ² : DC $0 \sim 1V$ (select one from Air Velocity, Temperature,					
		Humidity and Pressure)					
р	ower	$6 \times AA Batteries , AC Adaptor*2: AC 100~240V (50/60Hz)$					
		Approximately 10 hours continuous (at air velocity 5m/s, 20C, with alkaline					
Battery Life batteries)			undous (ut un v	encenty 5111/5, 200,	with alkullio		
Operating	g Environment	Main Body: 5~40C(41-104F) Probe: 0~60C (32-140 F)					
Storage	Environment	5~40C (41-104 F)					
Weight Approximately 400g (batteries included)							
	essories	/		/	eries, Probe Cable	(2m)	
0	ptions	Spare probe, Analog output, Pressure sensor, Extension rod, Printer, RS-232C					
U	puolis	cable, Software	(for Windows	s), AC adaptor			
			*1: Humidity only available on MODELA531 and A533.				

*1: Humidity only available on MODELA531 and A533.

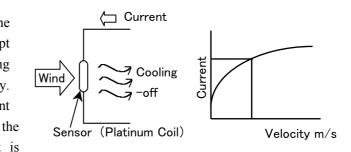
*2: Optional

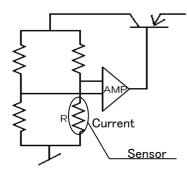
11. Principle of Measurement

11.1 Principle of CLIMOMASTER[®]

Principle of Hot-Wire Anemometer

The principle of the thermal Probe is based on a heated element from which heat is extracted by the colder impact flow. The temperature is kept constant via a regulating switch. The controlling current is directly proportional to the velocity. When thermal velocity Probes are used in turbulent





measured result is

flows.

influenced by the flows impacting the heated body from all directions.

In turbulent flows, a thermal velocity sensor indicates higher measured values than a vane Probe. This can be observed during measurements in ducts. Depending on the design of the duct, turbulent flows can occur even at low velocities. The amount of heat that is extracted by the colder impact flow from the sensor can be expressed by:

$$H = (a + b\sqrt{U})(T - Ta)$$
King's fomula

Where H: Heat diffusion quantityT: Temperature of the sensorTa: AirtemperatureU: Air velocitya, b:Constant

Also, heat diffusion quantity can be expressed by the formula:

$$H = RI^2$$

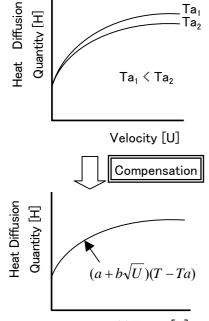
Where R is resistance and I is current

(R is kept constant regardless of air velocity since the temperature in constant).

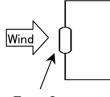
Therefore, $RI^2 \propto a + b\sqrt{U}$

> The Temperature Compensation

The air velocity sonsor is heated to and elevated temperature relative to the surrounding air by means of control electronics. The temperature compensation sensors senses the ambient, or surrounding air temperature and forces the velocity sensor to stay at a constant overheat above the ambient. The circuit foeces the voltage to be equal by means of an operational amplifier. Air flowing past the sensor tends to cool the sensor, thus driving down its resistance. The amplifier responds by immediately delivering more power to the circuit to maintain voltage equilibrium. Delivered power is converted into electrical signal to display.



Velocity [U]



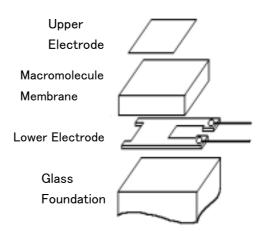
Measurement of Wind-Temperature

The coefficient of resistance of the temperature sensor has a direct proportional relationship with the temperature. We can measure the wind temperature by adjusting the sensor's temperature to the wind-temperature, and measuring its coefficient of resistance.

Temp Sensor (Platinum Resistor)

Measurement of Humidity (Hygrometer)

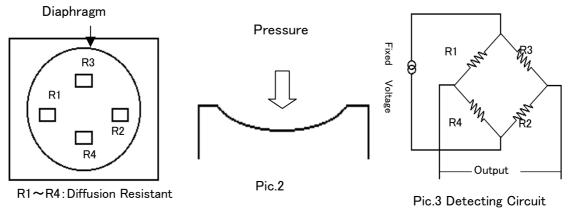
The sensor is a pair of condenser and its electro-capacity is depended upon the amount of water contained in its hydrophilic macromolecule (humidity sensitive) membrane. The components of the sensors are glass foundation; lower electrode; macromolecule membrane and upper electrode. The upper electrode will capture the change in permittivity caused by condensation or evaporation of water vapors to the macromolecule membrane. (Electrostatic Capacity Type) There is another type of hygrometer that uses a resistor instead of a condenser. It is usually said that the Electrostatic Capacity is good for low humidity measurement and the resistor is good for high humidity measurement.



Theory of detecting static pressure.

To measure static pressure, we use a diffusion-type semiconductor pressure sensor. The diffusion-type semiconductor pressure sensor is incorporated under the principle that the resonant frequency of a piezo-crystal decreases linearly with the pressure applied. On a thin diaphragm of silicon, there are four diffusion resistors (sensor chips) placed in a fixed distant apart. (Pic.1)

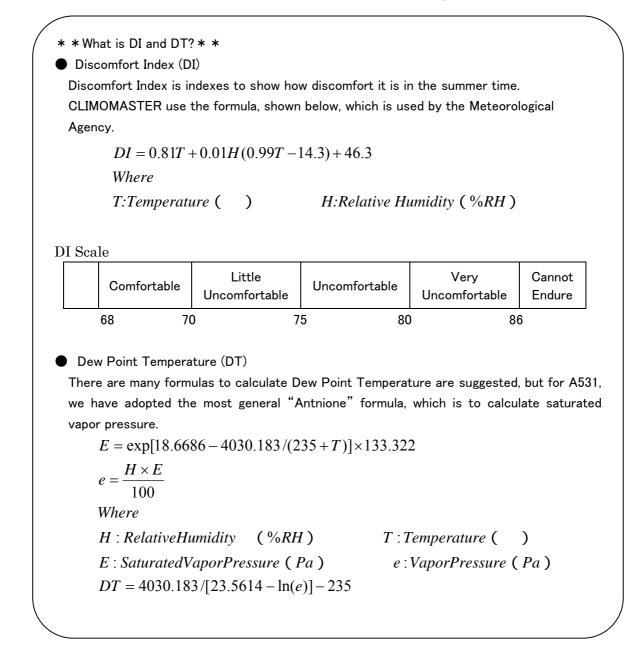
When the pressure is applied from above, the diaphragm will deflect downward. When it is deflected, the sensors near center (R3 and R4) will have compressing stress and the sensors near perimeter (R1 and R2) will have tensile stress instead. (Pic.2) The diffusion coefficient of diffusion resistor change according to these two stresses.



Pic.1 Pressure Sensor

If we create a bridge among these diffusion resistors (Pic.3), it will be possible to detect voltage that is proportional to the amount of pressure applied. These sensors can be affected by the temperature, and therefore, temperature compensation circuit must be added.

11. 2 What is Discomfort Index (DI) and Dew Point Temperature (DT)?



12. About Compensation

his instrument has been calibrated at normal temperature and pressure. Therefore, if you are going to measure velocity at a different temperature and pressure, the indicating value will be affected.

12. 1 Influence of Measuring Temperature

This instrument has been calibrated at normal temperature. Because of theoretical fundamentals of hot-wire anemometer, it can easily be effected by the ambient temperature. To prevent such influence, temperature compensation is needed. The temperature compensation sensor senses the ambient, or surrounding air temperature and forces the velocity sensor to stay at a constant overheat above the ambient. By adopting temperature compensation sensors, you can measure air velocity accurately within the range of $5 \sim 60^{\circ}$ C ($41 \sim 140^{\circ}$ F)

12. 2 Influence of Pressure at Measuring Point

This instrument has been calibrated at 1013hPa. Change in pressure does affect the amount of heat diffusion. Therefore, the pressure compensation, using the following equation, is needed.

$$Um = \frac{1013}{Pm} \times Uc$$

Where: Um: Actual Velocity[m/s] Uc: Indicating Value Pm: Pressure at the Measuring Point[hPa]

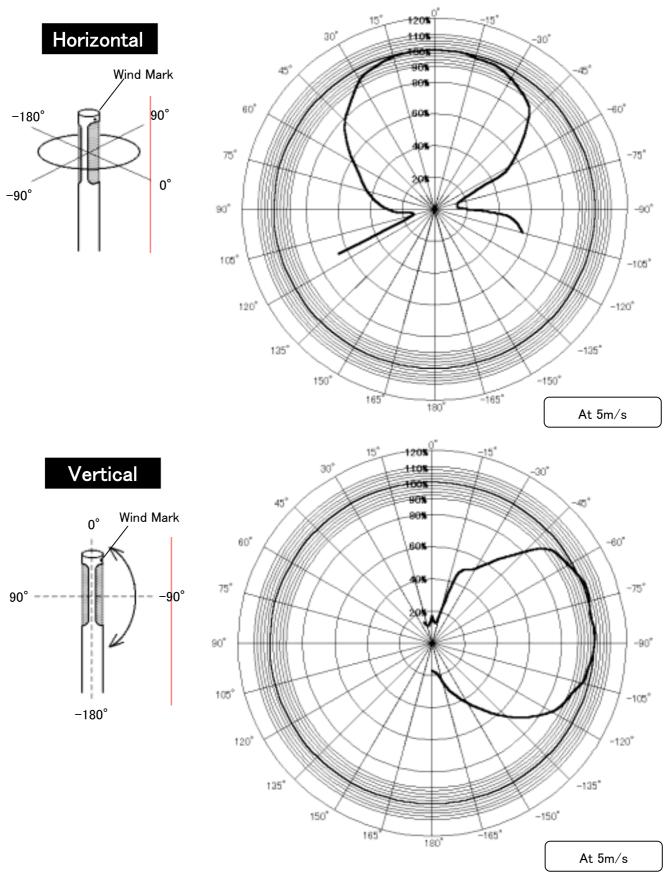
12. 3 Measuring Gas Components

This instrument has been calibrated using air. The CLIMOMASTER indicates air velocity based on the heat capacity, i.e. the heat diffusion quantity to deprive a device of in fluid. If the fluid, which is dealt with for the measurement, is different from the fluid when the instrument is calibrated, the diffusion quantity changes and the indicating air velocity, too, will be affected.

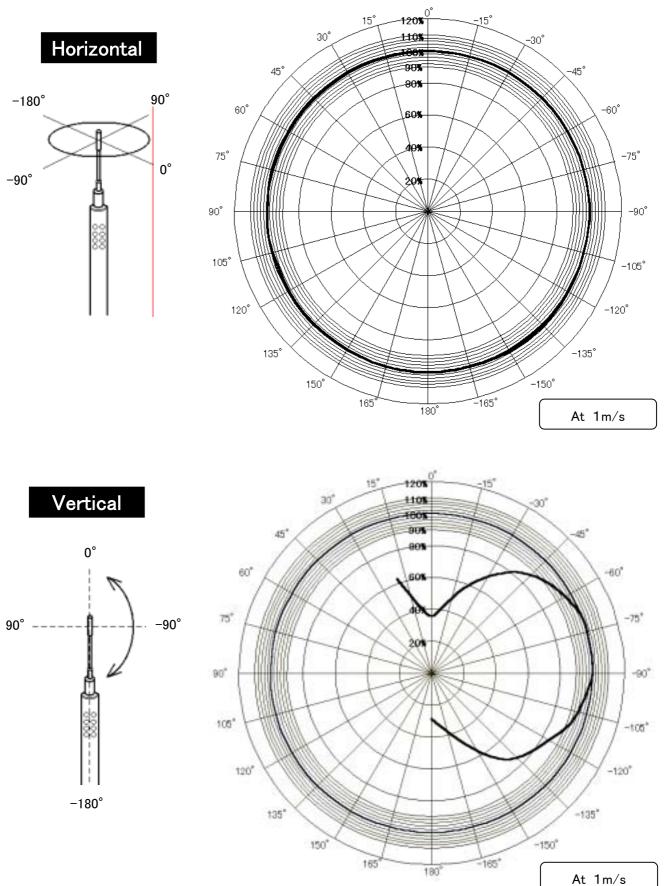
In order to compensate, you first need to find the heat diffusion quantity of air to the indicating value in mixture measurement. By substituting this heat diffusion quantity to the value in the heat diffusion-velocity relation formula, you can find the actual velocity value of the mixture.

13. Probe Directivity (Air Velocity)

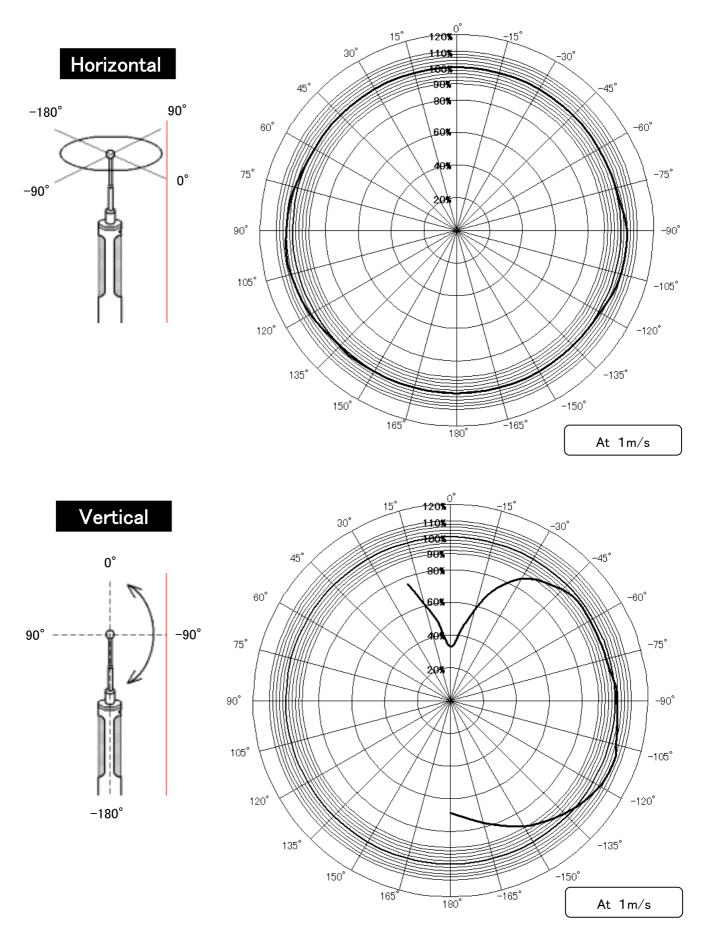
13. 1 MODEL A531/A541



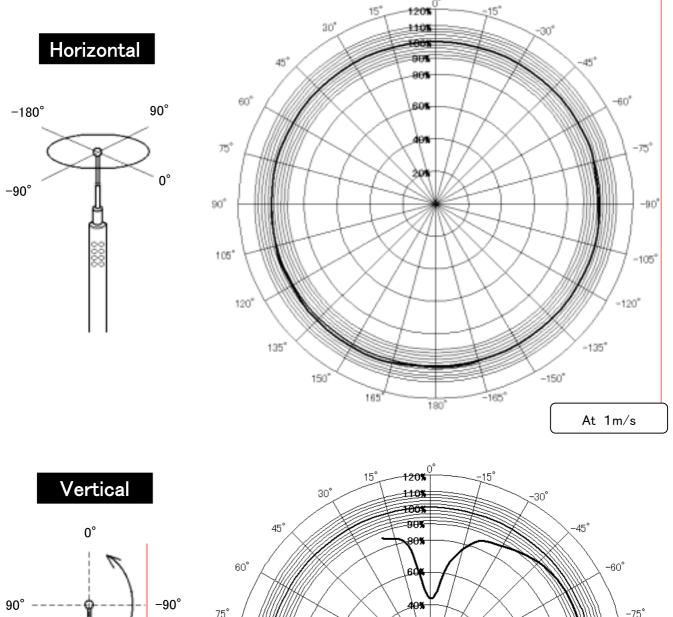
13. 2 MODEL A542

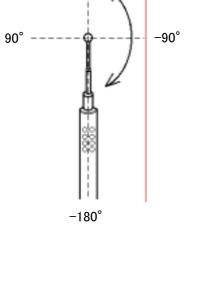


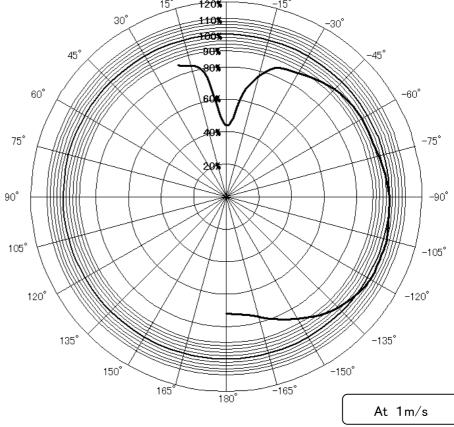
13. 3 MODELA533



13. 4 MODELA543







14. Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause(s) / Solution(s)	Refer To (Page No.)
CLIMOMASTER will not turn ON	The battery is defective. \rightarrow Turn OFF the power and replace the batteries.	7
Nothing appears on the display	Contrast is not set properly. \rightarrow Adjust the contrast volume switch.	41
" flashes.	The batteries are low. \rightarrow Turn OFF the power and replace the batteries.	7, 9
"NO PROBE" is displayed.	Probe is not connected. \rightarrow Turn OFF the power and connect Probe.	8
"**.*" is displayed for measured value.	CLIMOMASTER will show "**.*" for the over-the-range measurement. It must be used within the range to take the measurement.	43
" " is displayed for measured value.	Probe/Probe Cable is not connected property. \rightarrow Check the connection.	8
	Probe/Probe Cable may be damaged. →Contact your local Kanomax Office or service center.	
CLIMOMASTER is not displaying the right speed.	Probe is not facing the wind. →Make sure the Wind Mark is facing the wind.	10
Higher temperature is displayed.	Theoretically, CLIMOMASTER cannot measure temperature in no-wind environment. \rightarrow Measure the temperature in environment with more than 0.1m/s of wind.	10
"" is displayed for Flow Rate.	Dust shape/size is not stored. \rightarrow Type in the duct shape/size.	12
Cannot printout.	Printer is not connected properly. →Check the connection. Re-connect if necessary.	27
	The Baud Rate is not set properly. →Check both, CLIMOMASTER and printer, settings.	27
Cannot printout the display.	 Display is not frozen. →①Press to hold the display. ②Press to print out. 	27
Cannot cancel the print out.	You cannot cancel the print out.	27
Cannot load the data.	PC is not connected properly. \rightarrow Check the connection. Re-connect if necessary.	32
	The Baud Rate is not set properly. \rightarrow Check both, CLIMOMASTER and PC, settings.	32
No analog output.	Wrong polarity. →Check the polarity.	35
	Measurement is in "Hold". \rightarrow Press to release.	15

15. Warranty and After Service

Kanomax Limited Warranty

The limited warranty set below is given by KANOMAX JAPAN, Inc. (hereafter referred to as "KJI") with respect to the KANOMAX brand anemometer, its attachment parts including Probe and other accessories (hereafter referred to as "PRODUCT") that you have purchased. PRODUCT you have purchased shall be the only one that the limited warranty stated herein applies to.

Your PRODUCT, when delivered to you in new condition in its original container, is warranted against defects in materials or workmanship as follows: for a period of one (1) year from the date of original purchase, defective parts or a defective PRODUCT returned to KJI, as applicable, and proven to be defective upon inspection, will be exchanged for a new or comparable rebuilt parts, or a refurbished PRODUCT as determined by KJI. Warranty for such replacements shall not extend the original warranty period of the defective PRODUCT.

This limited warranty covers all defects encountered in normal use of the PRODUCT, and does not apply to the following cases:

- (1) Use of parts or supplies other than the PRODUCT sold by KJI, which cause damage to the PRODUCT or cause abnormally frequent service calls or service problems.
- (2) If any PRODUCT has its serial number or date altered or removed.
- (3) Loss of damage to the PRODUCT due to abuse, mishandling, improper packaging by the owner, alteration, accident, electrical current fluctuations, failure to follow operating, maintenance or environmental instructions prescribed in the PRODUCT's instruction manual provided by KJI, or service performed by other than KJI.

NO IMPLIED WARRANTY, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, APPLIES TO THE PRODUCT AFTER THE APPLICABLE PERIOD OF THE EXPRESS LIMITED WARRANTY STATED ABOVE, AND NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR GUARANTY, EXCEPT AS MENTIONED ABOVE, GIVEN BY ANY PERSON OR ENTITY WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT SHALL BIND KJI. KJI SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR LOSS OF STORAGE CHARGES, LOSS OR CORRUPTION OF DATA, OR ANY OTHER SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE USE OR MISUSE OF, OR INABILITY TO USE, THE PRODUCT, REGARDLESS OF THE LEGAL THEORY ON WHICH THE CLAIM IS BASED, AND EVEN IF KJI HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH IN NO EVENT SHALL RECOVERY OF ANY KIND AGAINST KJI BE GREATER IN DAMAGES. AMOUNT THAN THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT SOLD BY KJI AND CAUSING THE ALLEGED DAMAGE. WITHOUT LIMITING THE FOREGOING, THE OWNER ASSUMES ALL RISK AND LIABILITY FOR LOSS, DAMAGE OF, OR INJURY TO THE OWNER AND THE OWNER'S PROPERTY AND TO OTHERS AND THEIR PROPERTY ARISING OUT OF USE OR MISUSE OF, OR INABILITY TO USE, THE PRODUCT NOT CAUSED DIRECTLY BY THE NEGLIGENCE OF KJI. THIS LIMITED WARRANTY SHALL NOT EXTEND TO ANYONE OTHER THAN THE ORIGINAL PURCHASER OF THE PRODUCT, OR THE PERSON FOR WHOM IT WAS PURCHASED AS A GIFT, AND STATES THE PURCHASER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY.

After Service

Whenever the PRODUCT is malfunctioning, please check with "Troubleshooting" to find possible cause first.

Repair parts are retained for a minimum period of five (5) years after production cessation of the PRODUCT. This storage period of repair parts is considered as the period during which KJI can provide repair service.

For more information, please contact your local distributor, or call us at KJI's service desk from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. JST on weekdays excluding holidays. When you make a call, please have the following information of your PRODUCT at hand:

- (1) PRODUCT name;
- (2) Model number;
- (3) Serial number;
- (4) Probe number;
- (5) Description of Symptom, and;
- (6) Date of purchase